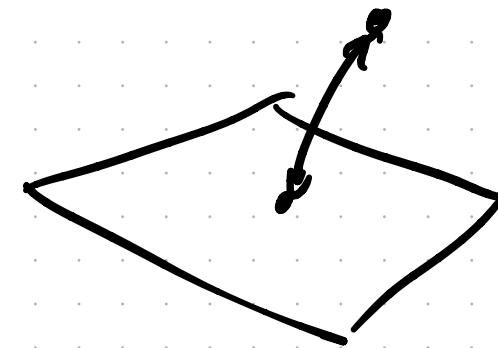
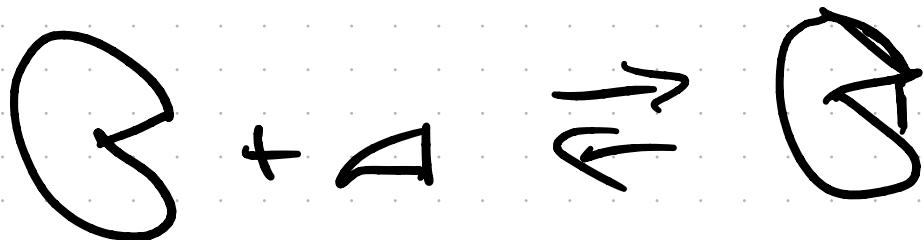
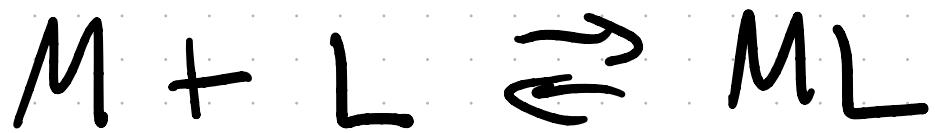


# Ligand Binding



affinity for a ligand - titration experiment

# Chemical Eq



$$K_b = \frac{[ML]_{eq}}{[M]_{eq}[L]_{eq}}$$

bind      units are  $\text{M}^{-1}$



$$K_d = k_b^{-1} = \frac{[M][L]}{[ML]}$$

units of "M"

low  $K_d$  is high affinity!

very high affinity

$$\underline{PM \sim 10^{-12} M}$$

most protein-protein  
interactions

$$\underline{\mu M \rightarrow mM}$$
$$\underline{10^{-6} \quad 10^{-3}}$$

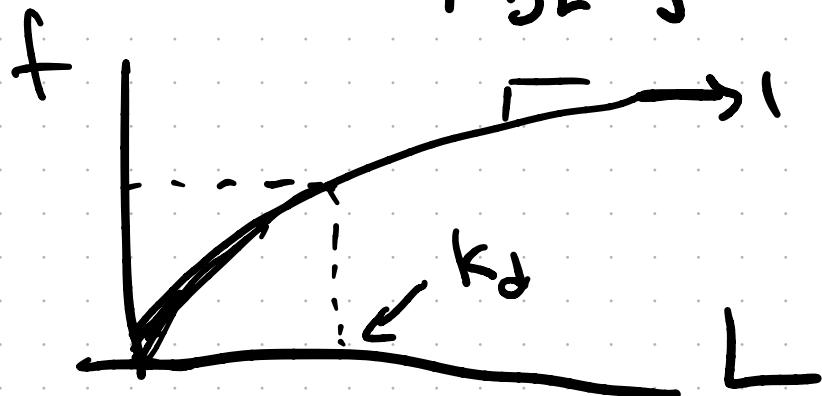
what fraction is bound

$$\langle f \rangle = \frac{[ML]}{[M] + [ML]} = \frac{k_b[M][L]}{[M] + k_b[M][L]} = \frac{k_b[L]}{1 + k_b[L]}$$

$$\frac{\# ML}{\# M \text{ total}}$$

$$k_b = \frac{[ML]}{[M][L]}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\frac{1}{k_b[L]} + 1} = \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{k_d}{[L]}\right)}$$



$k_d$  is  $[L]$  where  
 $f = 1/2$

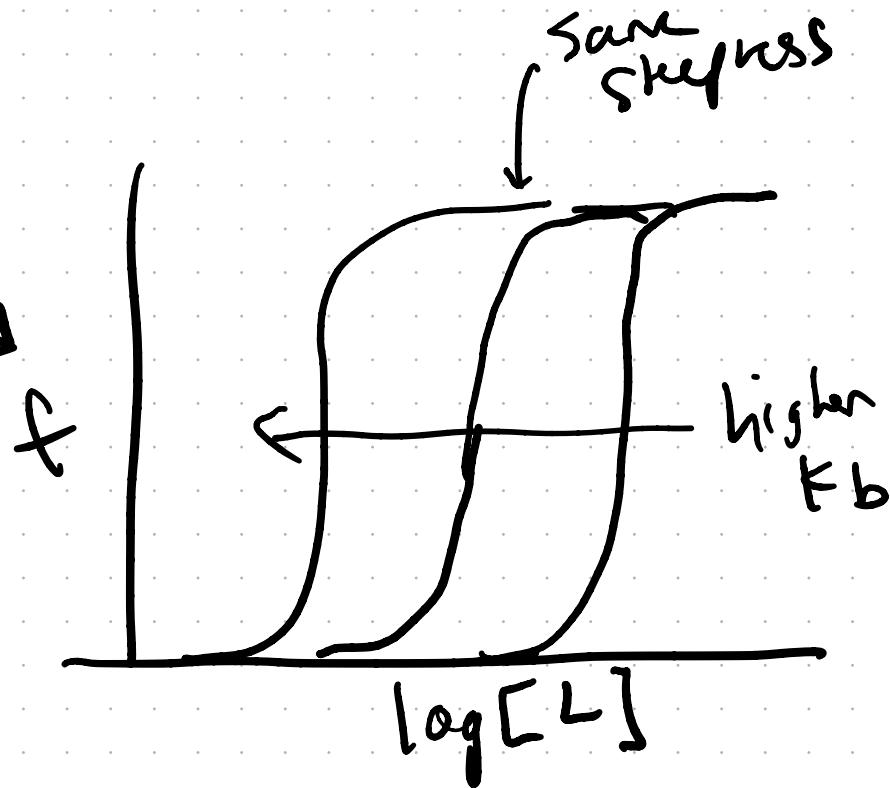
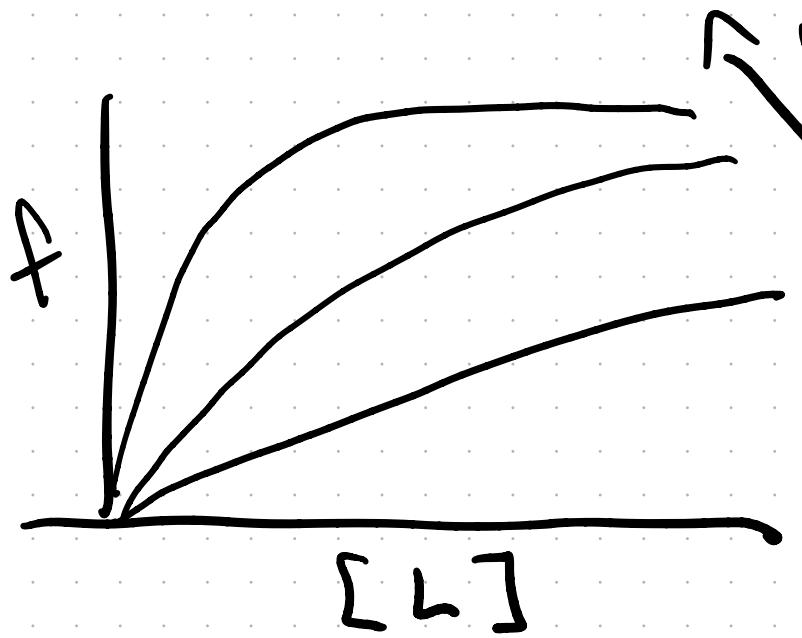
$$\langle f \rangle = \frac{K_b [L]}{1 + K_b [L]}$$



$$\langle f \rangle_{ZS} = \frac{K_{eq}}{1 + K_{eq}} = \frac{e^{-\beta N E}}{1 + e^{-\beta N E}}$$

$$V_{\text{bound}} \geq \text{bound}$$

$$k = \frac{[\text{bound}]}{[\text{unbound}]}$$



Binding Capacity  $\leftrightarrow$  Heat Capacity

among bound complex changes for  
increasing ligand

$$C_L = \frac{df}{d \log_{10}[L]} = 2.303 \frac{df}{d \ln[L]}$$

$$\log_{10} X = \frac{\ln X}{\ln 10}$$

$$C_L = 2.303 \frac{df}{d\ln[L]} \quad \frac{d\ln[x]}{dx} = \frac{1}{[x]}$$

$$= 2.303 \cdot [L] \frac{df}{d[L]} \quad d\ln[x] = \frac{dx}{[x]}$$

$$f = \frac{k_b[L]}{1 + k_b[L]}$$

$$= 2.303 [L] \cdot \left[ \frac{(1+k_b[L])k_b - k_b[L]k_0}{(1+k_b[L])^2} \right]$$

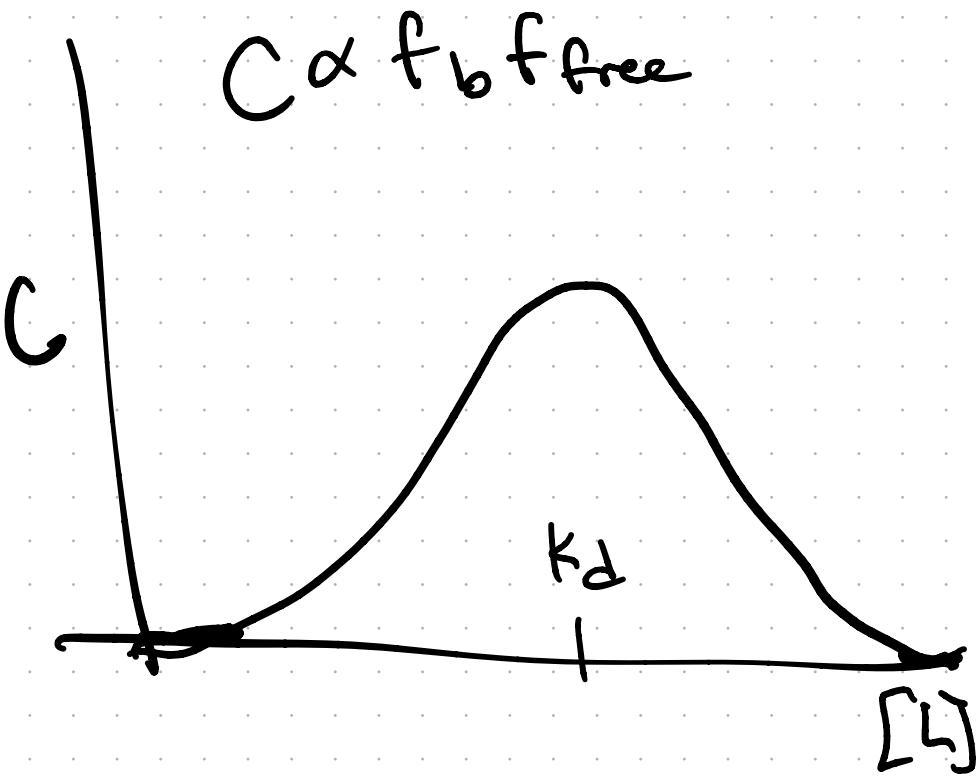
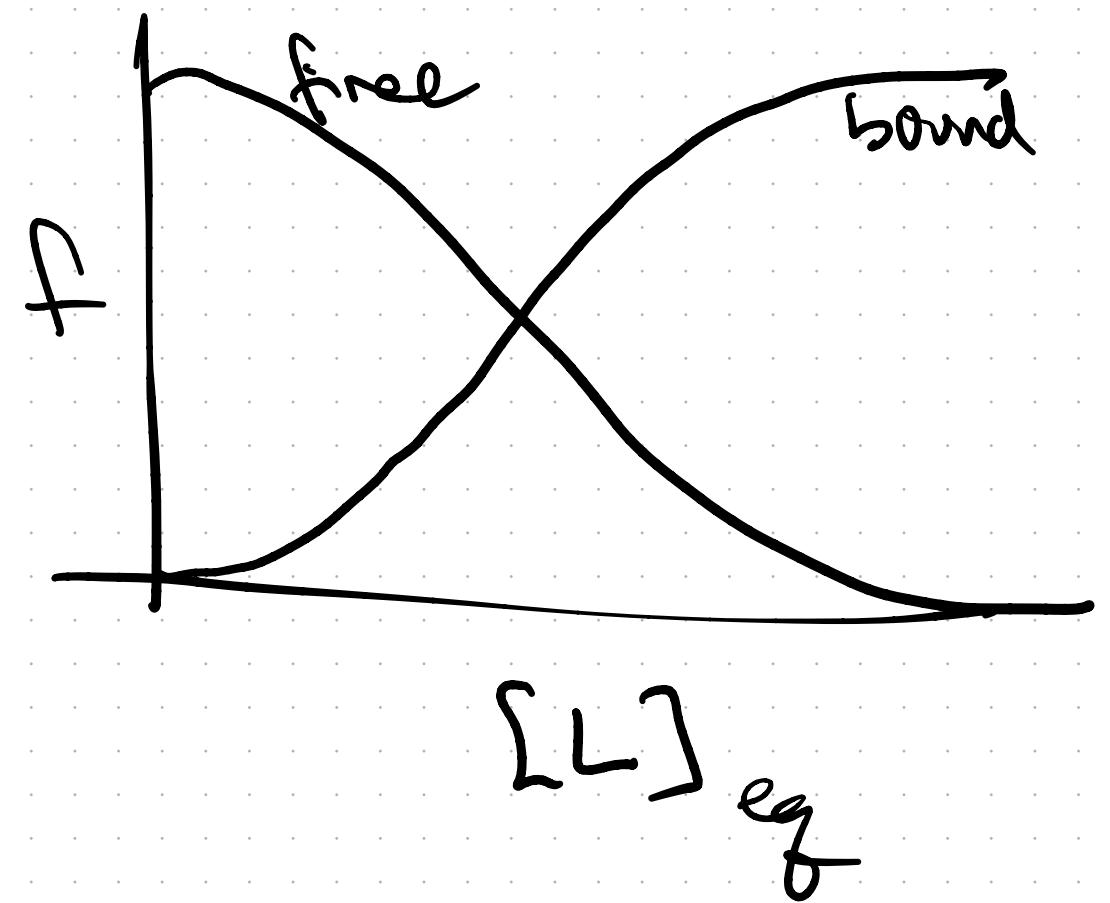
$$= 2 \cdot 303 [L] \cdot \frac{(1 + k_b[L])k_b - k_b[L]k_b}{(1 + k_b[L])^2}$$

$$= 2 \cdot 303 \frac{[L]k_b}{(1 + k_b[L])^2}$$

$$f_b = \frac{[L]k_b}{1 + k_b[L]}$$

$$f_u = \frac{1}{1 + k_b[L]}$$

$$= 2 \cdot 303 f_b f_{\text{free}}$$



Practical Issues: 409 - 411

$$k_b = \frac{[ML]}{[M][L]}$$

$$[M_{\text{total}}] = [M] + \underline{[ML]}$$

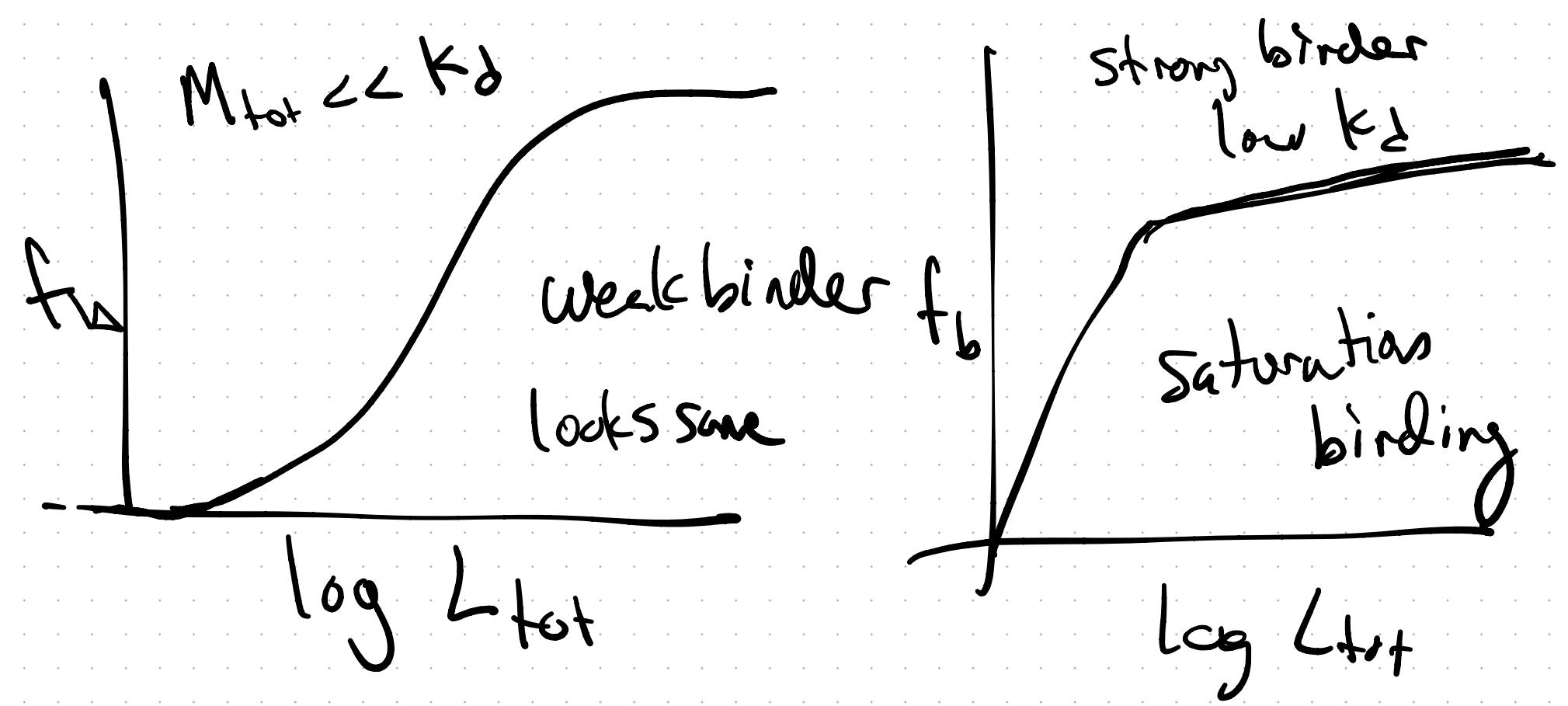
$$[L_{\text{total}}] = \underline{[L]} + [ML]$$

$$k_b = \underline{[ML]}$$

$$\underline{([L_{\text{tot}}] - [ML])([M_{\text{tot}}] - [ML])}$$

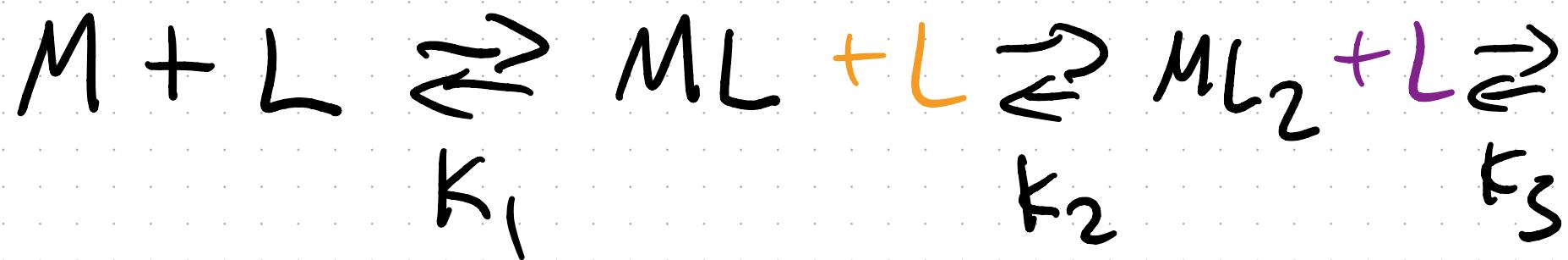
Solve this for  $[ML]$

$$f_b = \frac{[ML]}{[M_{\text{tot}}]}$$

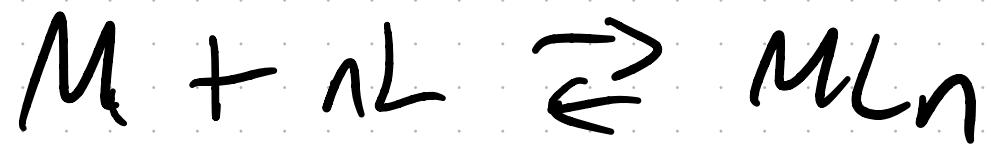


# Bind multiple ligands

Hemoglobin - binds  $4 O_2$   
cooperatively



$$K_1 = \frac{[ML]}{[M][L]} \quad K_2 = \frac{[ML_2]}{[ML][L]} \quad K_3 = \frac{[ML_3]}{[ML_2][L]}$$



$$\beta_n = \frac{[ML_n]}{[M][L]^n}$$

$$K_1 = \frac{[ML]}{[M][L]} \quad K_2 = \frac{[ML_2]}{[ML][L]} \quad K_3 = \frac{[ML_3]}{[ML_2][L]}$$

$$\beta_n = k_1 \cdot k_2 \cdot k_3 \cdot \dots \cdot k_n$$

$$\Delta G_n = -k_B T \ln \beta_n$$

$K$  units  $[M]^{-1}$

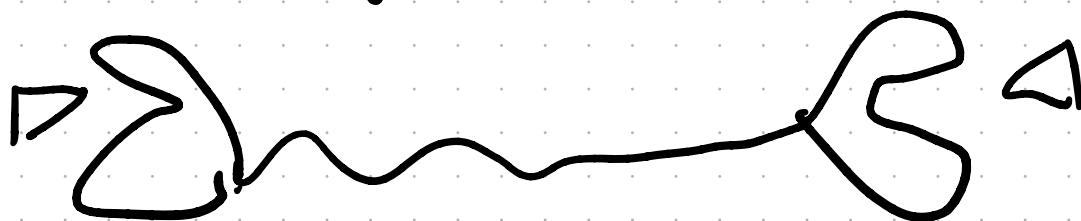
$B_n$  units of  $[M]^{-n}$

Cooperativity

$K$  increases, step positive  
cooperativity  
 $K_1 \text{ vs } K_2$

$K$  decreases, step has negative  
cooperativity  
 $K_1 \text{ vs } K_2$

no coop



What fraction of binding sites  
are occupied , S sites

$$f_b = \sum_{i=0}^S \left(\frac{1}{S}\right) P_i = \frac{1}{S} \sum_{i=0}^S \frac{[ML_i]}{\sum_{i=0}^S [ML_i]}$$

$$f_b = \frac{1}{S} \cdot \frac{\cdot [ML] + 2[ML_2] + 3[ML_3] + \dots}{1 + [ML] + [ML_2] + [ML_3] + \dots}$$

$$f_b = \frac{1}{S} \cdot \frac{\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} i [ML_i]}{\sum_{i=0}^{\infty} [ML_i]}$$

$$\beta_i = \frac{[ML_i]}{[M][L]}$$

$$[ML_i] = [M][L]$$

$$= \frac{1}{S} \cdot \frac{\sum i \beta_i [L]}{\sum \beta_i [L]} \leftarrow P$$

$$P = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \beta_i [L]$$

$$\beta_0 = 1$$

$$\mu = \mu_0 + k_B T \ln [L]$$

$$\beta_i = e^{-\Delta G / RT}$$

$$P = \sum_{i=0}^s \beta_i [L]^i$$

$$f_b = \frac{1}{S_P} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^s \beta_i [L]^i$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial [L]} = \left( \sum_{i=0}^s i \beta_i [L]^{i-1} \right) \frac{[L]}{[L]}$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial [L]} = \frac{1}{[L]} \sum_{i=0}^s i \beta_i [L]^i$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial [L_j]} = \frac{1}{[L_j]} \sum_{i=0}^s i \beta_i [L_j]^i$$

$$\frac{[L] \frac{\partial P}{\partial [L_j]} = \sum_{i=0}^s i \beta_i [L_j]^i}{SP} = f_b$$

$$f_b = \frac{[L] \frac{dP}{d[L_j]}}{SP} = \frac{[L] \frac{d \ln(P)}{d[L]}}{S} = \boxed{\frac{1}{S} \frac{d \ln(P)}{d \ln[L]}}$$

$$\text{Population of } MLi = \frac{\beta_i [L_j]^i}{P}$$

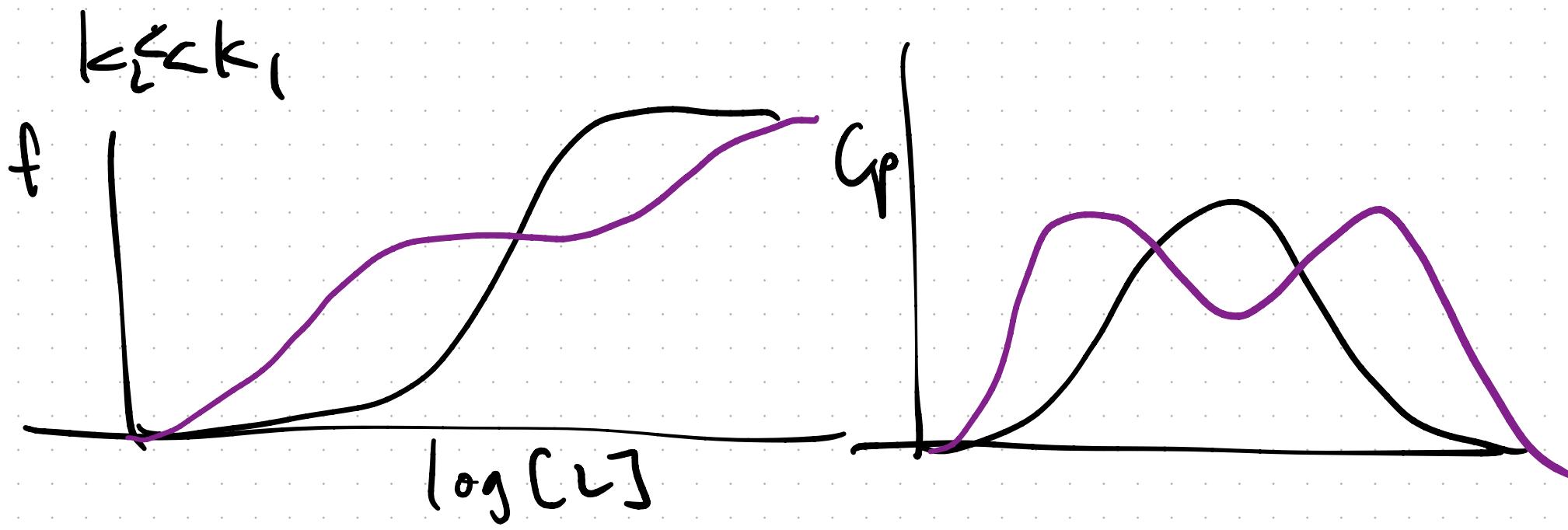
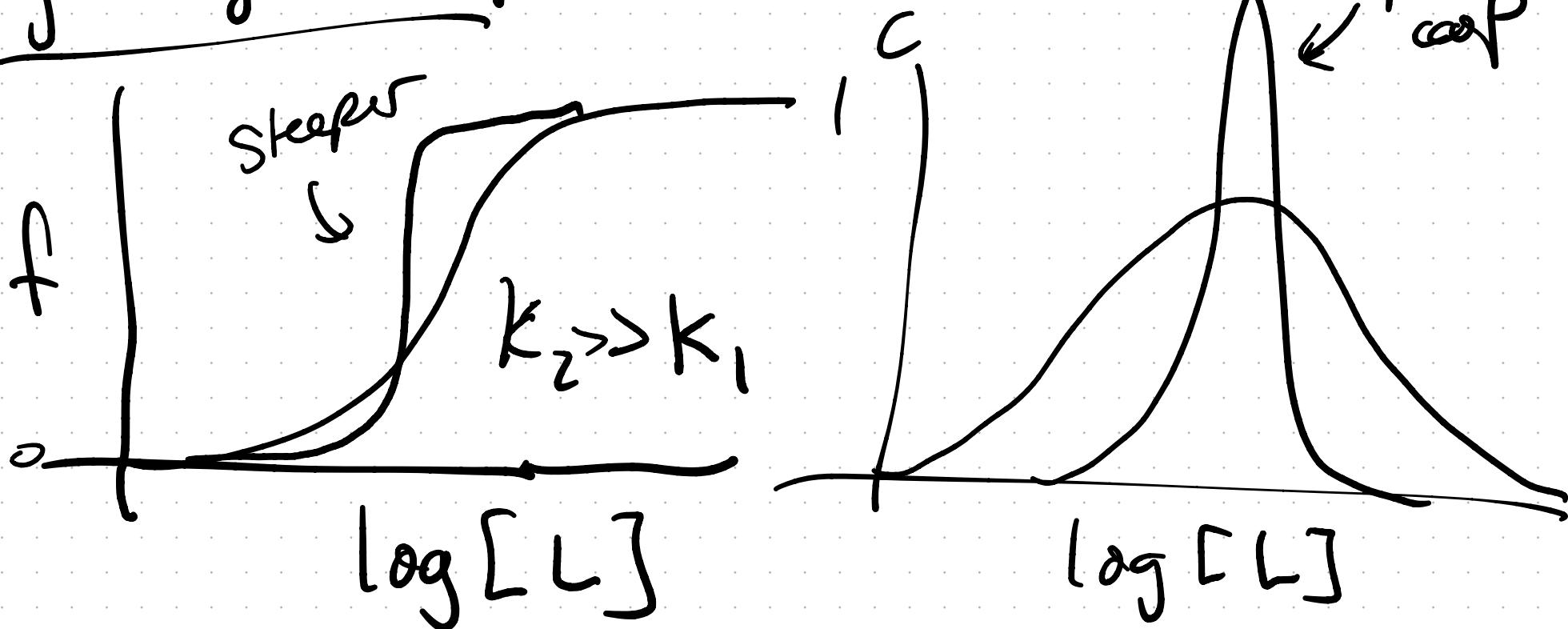
## Binding Capacity

$$C_L = 2.303 \frac{\partial f}{\partial h[L]} = \frac{2.303}{SP} \left[ \frac{P''}{P} - \frac{P'^2}{P} \right]$$

2 sites

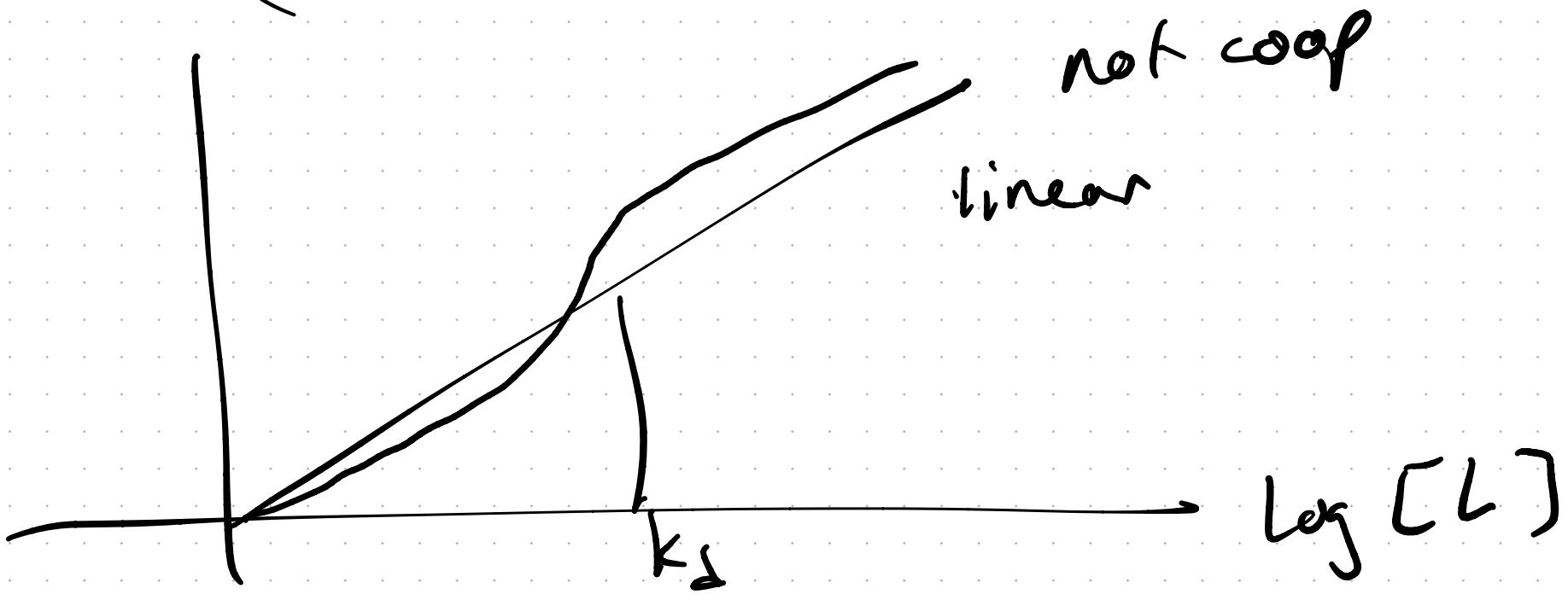
$$\begin{aligned} P &= \sum_{i=0}^n \beta_i [L]^i \\ &= \underline{1 + K_1[L] + K_1 K_2 [L]^2} \end{aligned}$$

Eg 2 ligand coop



Hill plot / coeff

$\log \left( \frac{f_b}{f_0} \right)$  vs  $\log [L]$



coop, pos slope, value of  $n > 1$

neg coop | , value of  $n < 1$

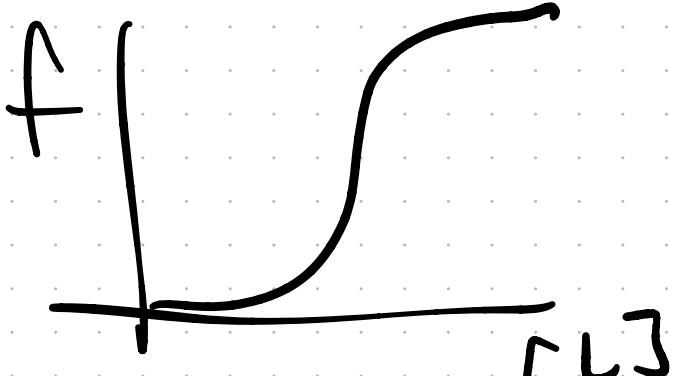


$$f_b = \frac{\beta_n [L]^{n_H}}{1 + \beta [L]^{n_H}} \quad f_n = \frac{1}{1 + \beta [L]^{n_H}}$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{f_b}{f_n}\right) = \ln(\beta_n [L]^{n_H})$$

$$= n_H \ln[L] + \ln \beta_n$$

$$f_b = \frac{\beta_n [L]^n +}{1 + \beta [L]^n}$$

$f$  |   
 $[L]$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{\beta [L]^n}} = \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{K}{[L]}_a\right)^n}$$

$$K_a = \beta_n$$

