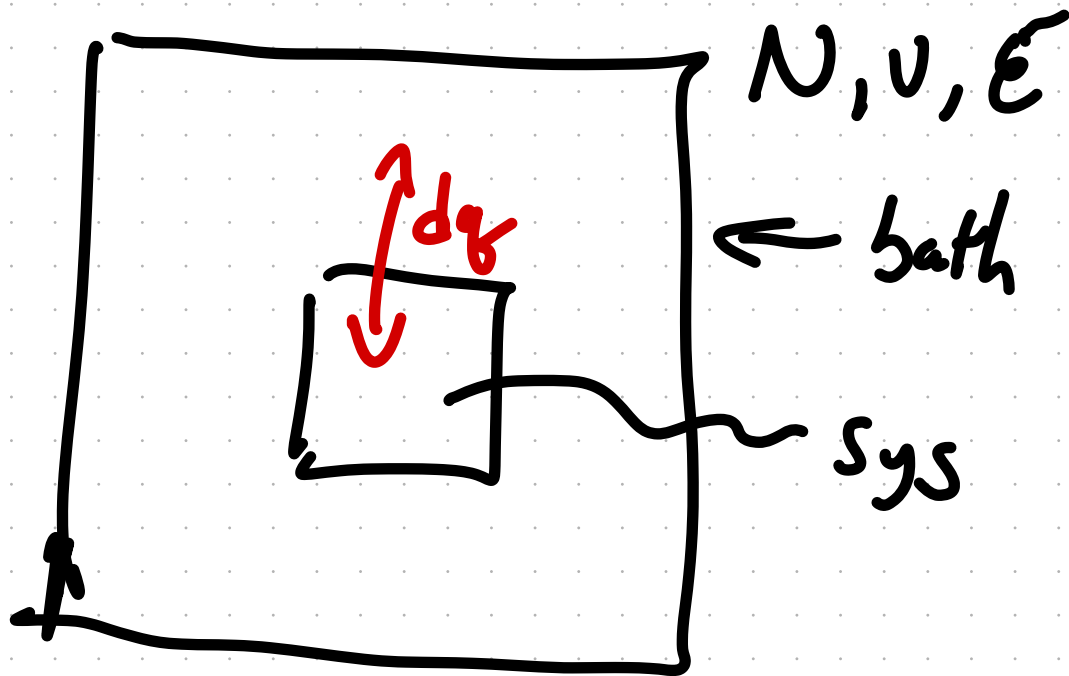


Constant pressure, constant chemical pot.

Before, we studied const

$N, V, T$

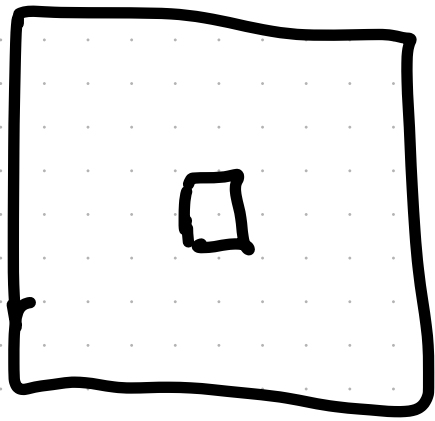


Maximize entropy of whole thing

get  $T_{in} = T_{out}$

$$P(X_{system}) = \frac{e^{-\beta \mathcal{H}_{sys}}}{Z}$$

Reminders:



$$E_{\text{tot}} = E_b + E_s$$

$$E_{\text{tot}} - E_{\text{bath}} \approx 0$$

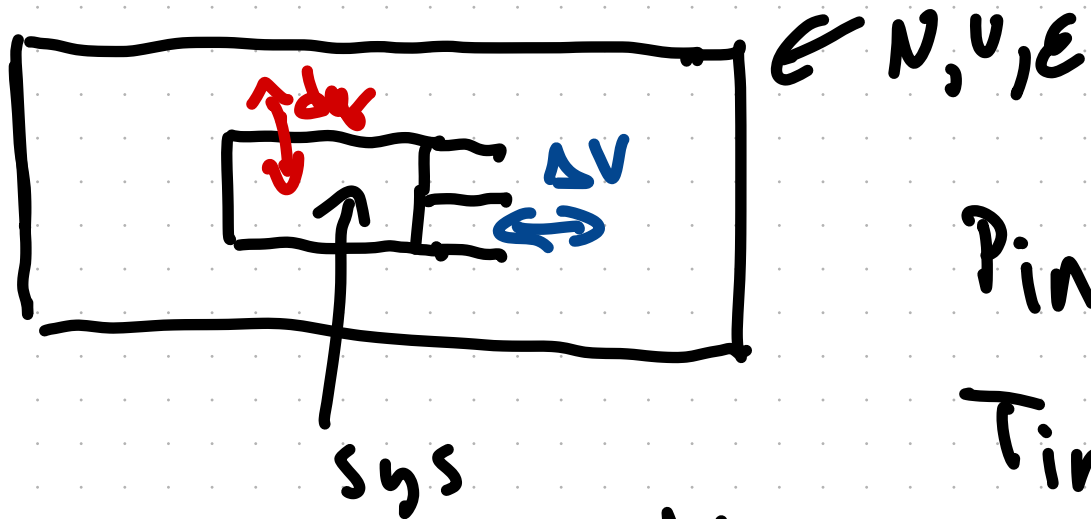
$$S_{\text{bath}}(N_{\text{bath}}, V_{\text{bath}}, E_{\text{bath}}) \approx S_{\text{bath}}(E_{\text{tot}})$$

$$S_{\text{bath}} = k_B \ln \Omega_{\text{bath}}$$

$$+ \left( \frac{\partial S_b}{\partial E_b} \right) (\underbrace{E_b - E_{\text{tot}}}_{-E_{\text{sys}}}) + \dots$$

$\frac{1}{T_{\text{bath}}}$

$$\Omega_{\text{bath}} \approx \underbrace{e^{S_{\text{bath}}/k_B}}_{\text{const}} e^{-E_{\text{sys}}/k_B T_{\text{bath}}} \propto P(x)$$



$$P_{in} = P_{out} \text{ @ Equilibrium}$$

$$T_{in} = T_{out}$$

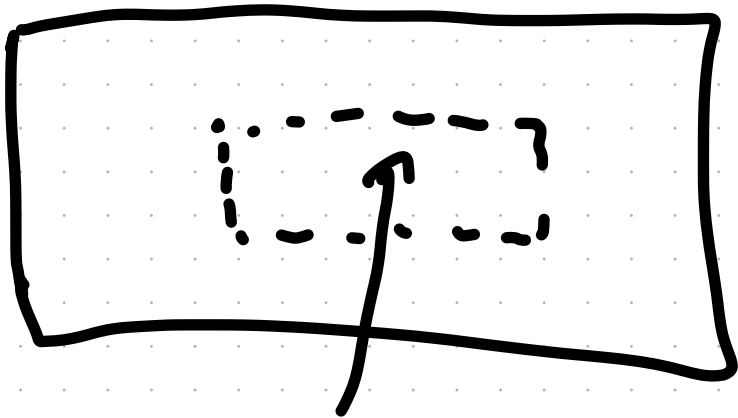
$$V_{total} = V_{bath} + V_{sys}$$

$$S_{bath}(N_b, V_b, E_b) \approx S_{bath}(V_{tot})$$

$$+ \underbrace{\left( \frac{\partial S}{\partial V_b} \right)}_{P/T} (V_b - V) + \dots$$

$-V_{sys}$

$$S \approx S(V) - \frac{PV}{T} \Rightarrow \Omega \propto e^{-PV/k_B T}$$



@ equilibrium

$$\mu_{in} = \mu_{out}$$

$$N_{sys} + N_{bath} = N_{total}$$

$$\left( \frac{\partial G}{\partial N_\alpha} \right) = \mu_\alpha$$

$$\left( \frac{\partial G}{\partial N} \right)_{U,T}$$

$$\mu_\alpha^{in} = \mu_\alpha^{out} \text{ for all}$$

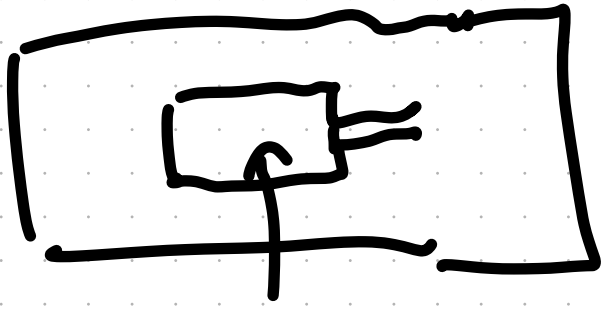
species  $\alpha$

$$S_b(N_b, U_b, E_b) \approx S_b(N) + \underbrace{\left( \frac{\partial S}{\partial N_b} \right)}_{-\mu/T} (N_b - N) + \dots$$

$- N_{sys}$

$$\Omega_b \propto e^{+ \mu N / k_B T}$$

$$S_b(N_b, V_b, E_b) \approx S(N, V, E) + \left( \frac{\partial S}{\partial N} \right) (N - N_b)$$



$$+ \left( \frac{\partial S}{\partial E} \right) (E - E_b) \leftarrow$$

$$+ \left( \frac{\partial S}{\partial V} \right) (V - V_b) + \dots$$

Get  $N, P, T$

$$E = \mathcal{H}(x)$$

$$\Omega_b \propto \underbrace{e^{-PV/k_B T}}_{\mu PT} \cdot e^{-E/k_B T}$$

Prob in  $NPT$  is

$$e^{-E/k_B T + \mu N/k_B T}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \mu PT \\ e^{-\beta(PV - E + \mu N)} \end{array} \right\}$$

Const  $N, P, T$

$$\Delta(N, P, T) = C \int_0^\infty dV \int d\underline{X} e^{-\beta(\mathcal{H}(\underline{x}) + PV)}$$

$$C = \frac{1}{h^{3N} V_0} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{1}{V_0} \int_0^\infty dV e^{-\beta PV} \quad \underline{\underline{\Omega(N, V, T)}}$$

$$P(\underline{X}, V) \propto e^{-\beta(PV + \mathcal{H}(\underline{x}))} / \Delta$$

$$G = \underline{\underline{E}} - TS + PV = \underline{\underline{A}} + PV$$

$$G = -k_B T \log \Delta(N, P, T)$$

Isobaric  
Isothermal  
Ensemble

Grand Canonical ( $\mu, V, T$ )

$$Z_1 = \sum_{N=0}^{\infty} \int dx e^{-\beta \mathcal{H}(x) + \beta \mu N}$$

Grand potential  $\Omega(x) = -k_B T \log Z_1$

Remove constraint on  $N$  or  
 $V$ , can have fluctuations in  $N$  or  $V$

$N, P, T$ ,  $V$  can vary

$\text{Var}(V)$

$$\langle V \rangle = \left( \frac{\partial G}{\partial P} \right)_{N, T} = -k_B T \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial P} \log \int dV e^{-\beta P V} \Omega(N, V, T) \right)$$

$$= -k_B T \cdot \frac{1}{\Delta} \cdot \frac{\partial \Delta}{\partial P} = \frac{-k_B T}{\Delta} \cdot \int_0^{\infty} dV (-\beta V) e^{-\beta P V} \mathcal{L}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\Delta} \int_0^{\infty} dV [ V e^{-\beta P V} \Omega(N, V, T) ] = \langle V \rangle$$



$$\frac{\partial \langle v \rangle}{\partial P} = \frac{\partial}{\partial P} \left[ \frac{1}{\Delta} \int dv e^{-\beta P v} \mathcal{R}(u, v, T) v \right]$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{1}{\Delta^2} \frac{\partial \Delta}{\partial P} \cdot \underbrace{1}_{A} - \frac{1}{\Delta} \int dv \underbrace{(-\beta v) (v) e^{-\beta P v} \mathcal{R}(u, v, T)} \right]$$

$$= -\beta \langle v \rangle \langle v \rangle + \beta \langle v^2 \rangle$$

$$= \beta \text{Var}(v)$$

$$\omega \left[ = \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial T} = \beta \text{Var}(E) \right]$$

fluctuation-dissipation

Grand canonical  $(\mu, V, T)$

$$Z_G = \sum_{N=0}^{\infty} e^{\beta \mu N} \Omega(N, V, T)$$

$$\langle N \rangle = \frac{\sum_{N=0}^{\infty} N e^{\beta \mu N} \Omega(N, V, T)}{Z_G} = k_B T \frac{\partial \log Z}{\partial \mu}$$

$$\underbrace{PV}_{\text{grand potential } (-PV)} = k_B T \log Z = \underbrace{\langle N \rangle k_B T}_{\text{for ideal gas}}$$

for an ideal gas

$$Q(N, V, T) \approx \int d\vec{p} e^{-\beta p^2 / 2m} \cdot \frac{1}{N! h^{3N}}$$

$$\Lambda = \sqrt{\frac{h^2}{2\pi m k_B T}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{N!} \left( \frac{V}{\Lambda^3} \right)^N$$

↓ I G

$$Z = \sum_{N=0}^{\infty} e^{\beta \mu N} Q(N, V, T)$$

$$= \sum_{N=0}^{\infty} \left[ \underbrace{e^{\beta \mu} \left( \frac{V}{\Lambda^3} \right)}_{\text{const}} \right]^N \cdot \frac{1}{N!} = \exp \left[ e^{\beta \mu} \left( \frac{V}{\Lambda^3} \right) \right]$$

$$PV = +k_B T \log \left[ \exp \left[ e^{\beta \mu} \left( \frac{v}{\lambda^3} \right) \right] \right]$$

$$= +k_B T \left[ \underbrace{e^{\beta \mu} \left( \frac{v}{\lambda^3} \right)}_{\langle N \rangle} \right]$$

$\langle N \rangle \leftarrow \text{check}$

$$PV = \langle N \rangle k_B T$$

check

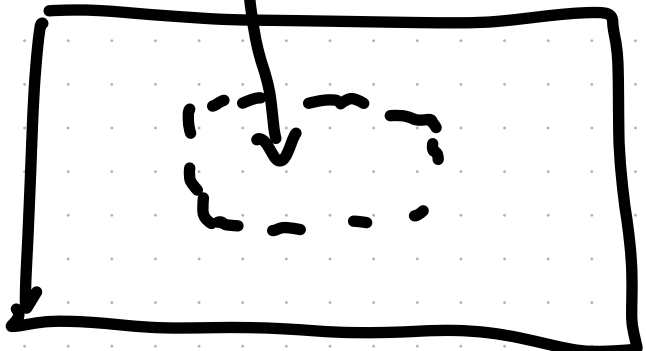
$$\langle \epsilon \rangle = - \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \log Z = \frac{3}{2} \langle N \rangle k_B T$$

FDT

$$\text{Var}(V) = k_B T \frac{\partial \langle V \rangle}{\partial P} \leftarrow \text{compressibility}$$

$$\text{Var}(N) = k_B T \frac{\partial \langle N \rangle}{\partial \mu} \leftarrow N, P, T$$

$$= k_B T \cdot \frac{\langle N \rangle^2}{V} \kappa_T \leftarrow \text{volume change per atom}$$



$\mu, V, T$

$\kappa_T$   
isothermal compressibility